

Assignment- 12 : Double Integrals

1. Let $f(x, y) = x^2 + y^2$ and let $R = [-1, 1] \times [0, 1]$. Evaluate the integral $\iint_R (x^2 + y^2) dx dy$.

2. Evaluate the following integrals:

$$i) \int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \sqrt{1-y^2} dy dx \quad ii) \int_0^{\pi} \int_x^{\pi} \frac{\sin y}{y} dy dx \quad iii) \int_0^{11} \int_y^{11} x^2 \exp^{xy} dx dy.$$

3. Evaluate the integral $\iint_R (x+y)^2 dx dy$ over the triangle R with vertices $(0, 0)$, $(2, 2)$ and $(0, 1)$.

4. Evaluate the integral $\iint_R (x^2 - y^2) dx dy$ over the square R with vertices $(0, 0)$, $(1, -1)$, $(2, 0)$ and $(1, 1)$.

5. Determine the volume of the region bounded by the surface $z = x^2$ and $z = 4 - x^2 - y^2$.

6. Compute $\lim_{a \rightarrow \infty} \iint_{D(a)} \exp^{-(x^2+y^2)} dx dy$, where

$$i) D(a) = \{(x, y) : x^2 + y^2 \leq a^2\} \quad \text{and} \quad ii) D(a) = \{(x, y) : 0 \leq x \leq a, 0 \leq y \leq a\}.$$

$$\text{Hence prove that } \int_0^{\infty} \exp^{-x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2}.$$

7. Change the order of integration to prove that

$$i) \int_0^x \int_0^u \exp^{m(x-t)} f(t) dt du = \int_0^x (x-t) \exp^{m(x-t)} f(t) dt,$$

$$ii) \int_0^x \int_0^v \int_0^u \exp^{m(x-t)} f(t) dt du dv = \int_0^x \frac{(x-t)^2}{2} \exp^{m(x-t)} f(t) dt.$$