

Reach Symposium 2010

Remediation of Pollution in Natural Systems

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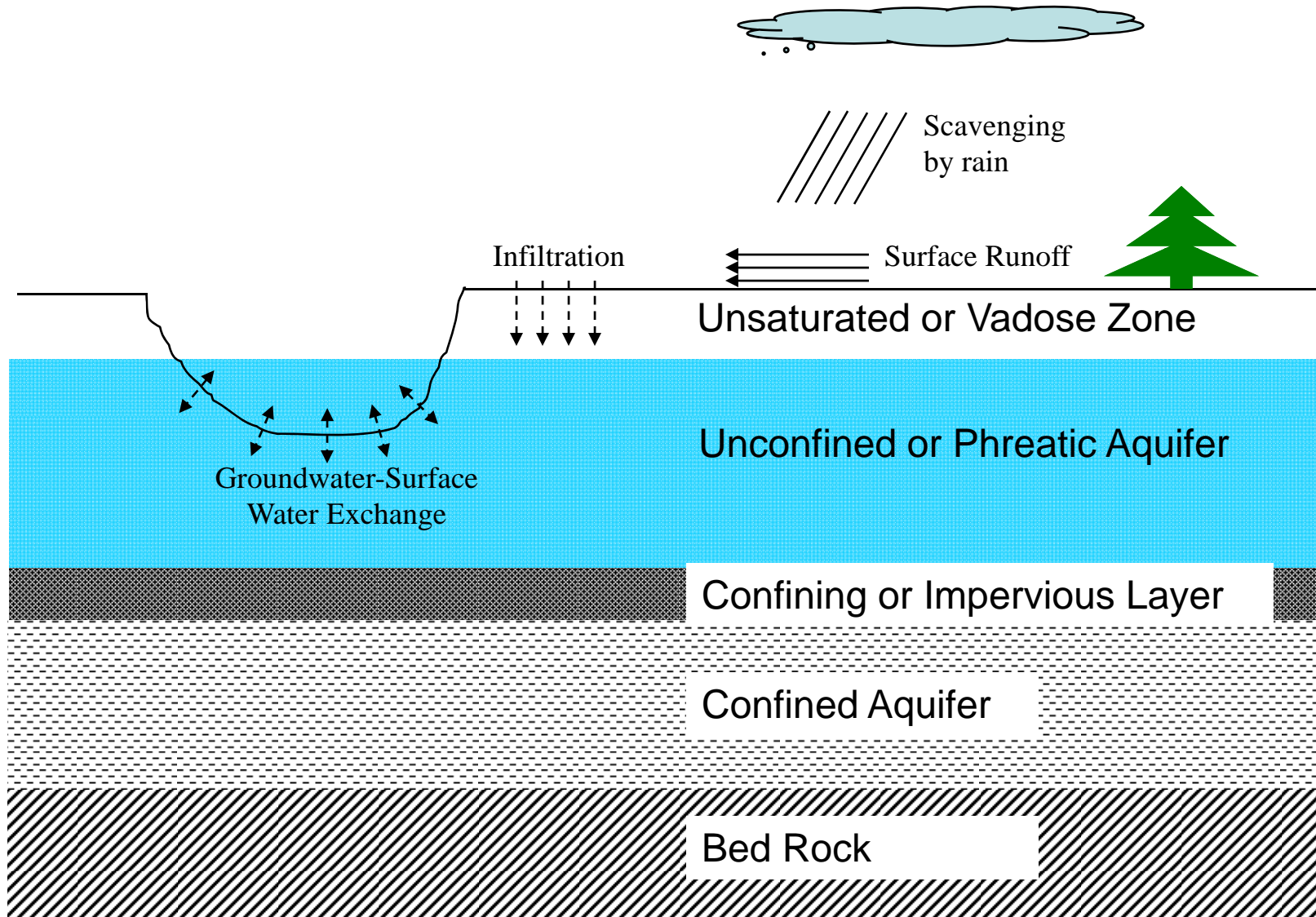
Outline

- Natural Systems
- Pollution in the Natural Systems
- Some Example Problems
- Overview of ongoing research at IIT Kanpur on Natural System Pollution

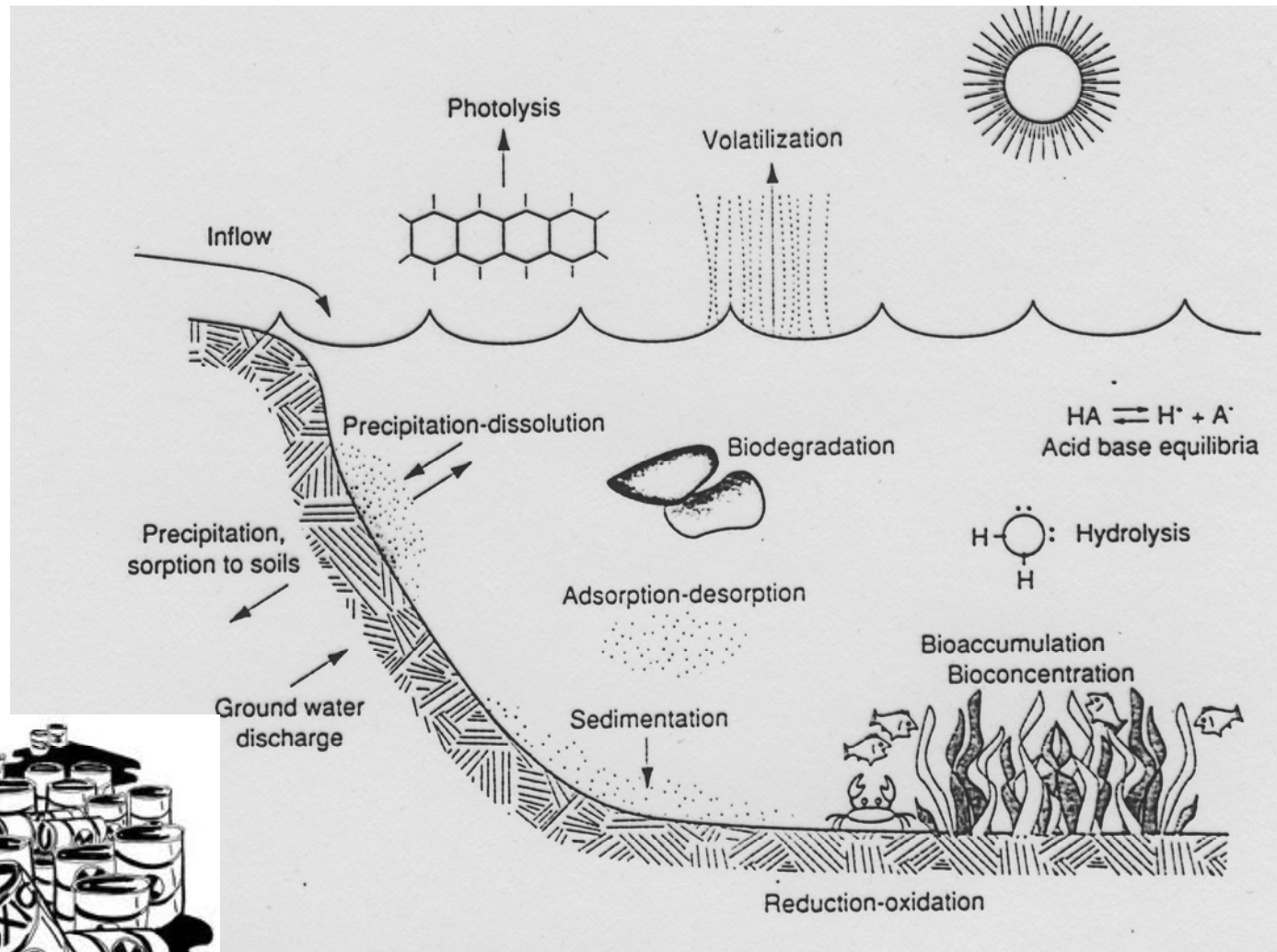
Natural Systems: Water, Air, Soil

- Atmosphere: Troposphere
- Terrestrial Water Bodies (Fresh Water): Rivers, Lakes, Ponds
- Soil and Groundwater
- Transition Water Bodies: Estuary, Wetlands, Lake connected to sea
- Sea and Ocean (Saline)

Natural Systems Interaction



Natural Attenuation Processes



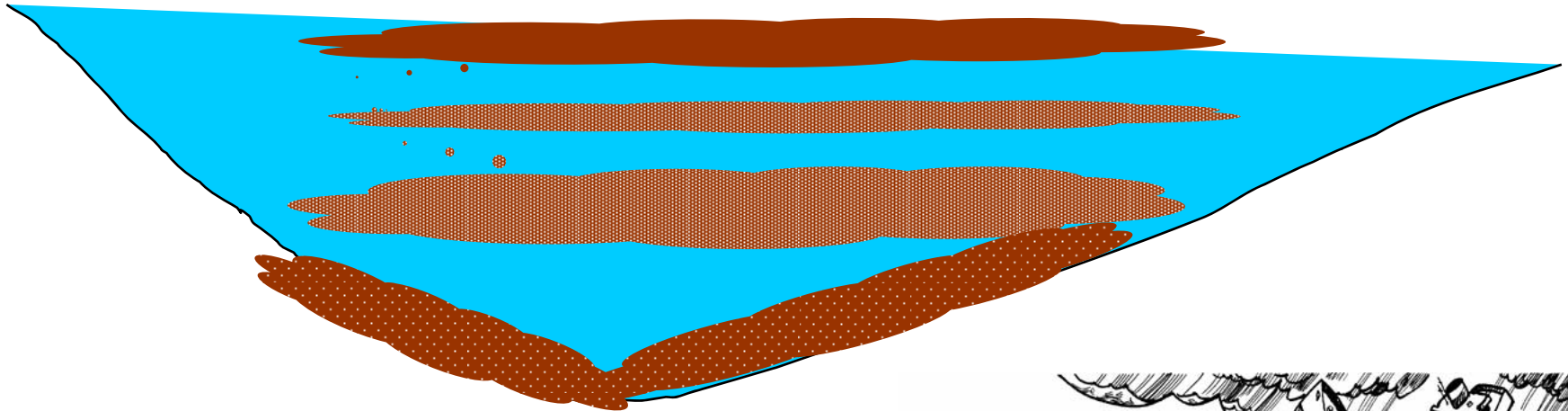
We will NOT address the municipal waste and fecal pathogenic contamination.



Oil Spill

NAPL

L-NAPL



D-NAPL

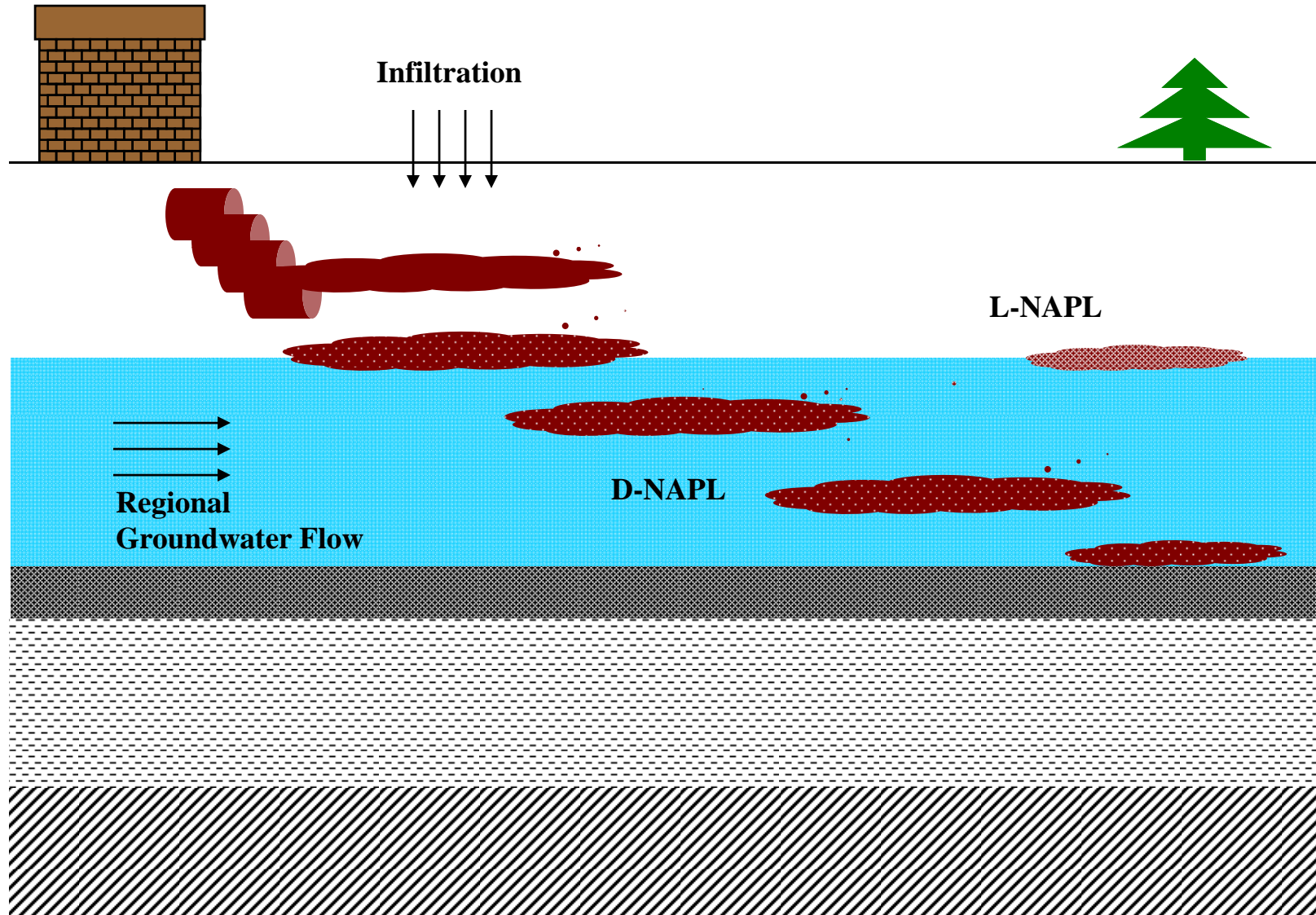
NAPL: Non-Aqueous Phase Liquid

L: Light D: Dense



Mike Keefe THE DENVER POST 2002

Pollution in the Subsurface



Arsenic Problem in the Ganges Delta



- Arsenic is present in the Quaternary sediments
- Arsenic was precipitated in the aerobic environment
- Present on the soil as inner-sphere complex in the amorphous iron oxy-hydroxide
- Why is it coming in the water in the last 20-30 years ?

[Guha et al. (2005), *Env. Eng. Sci.*, V. 22, 870-881; Acharyya et al. (1999), *Nature*, V. 401, 545; Nickson et al. (1998), *Nature*, V. 395, 338]

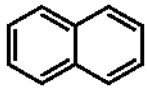
Other Examples

- Uncontrolled Pesticide Application
- Mining
- Byproduct of intervention strategies
e.g., THM

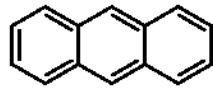
Compounds or elements are carcinogenic and/or teratogenic and/or endocrine disruptors at very low concentrations.

Biodegradability

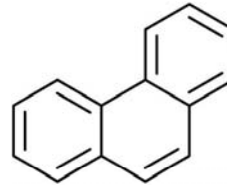
Eventual Disappearance from Nature is through Biodegradation. Can we predict their persistence ?



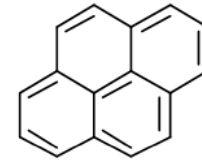
Napthalene



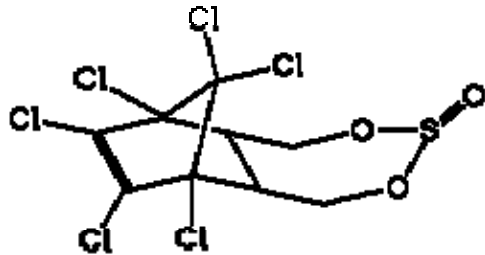
Anthracene



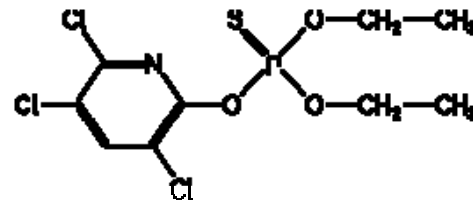
Phenanthrene



Pyrene

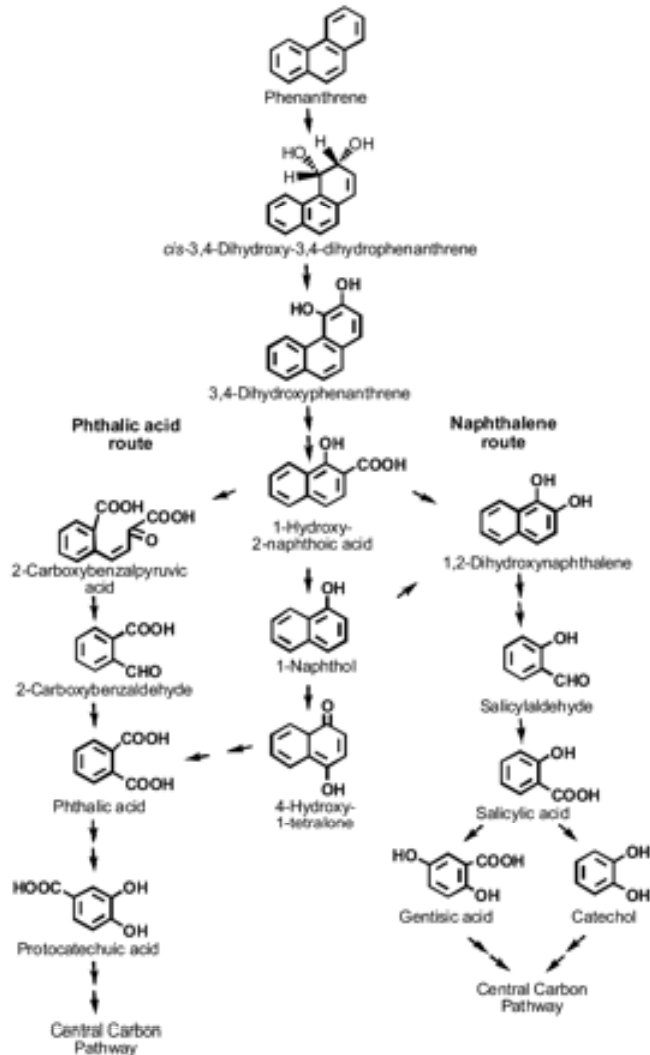


Endosulfan

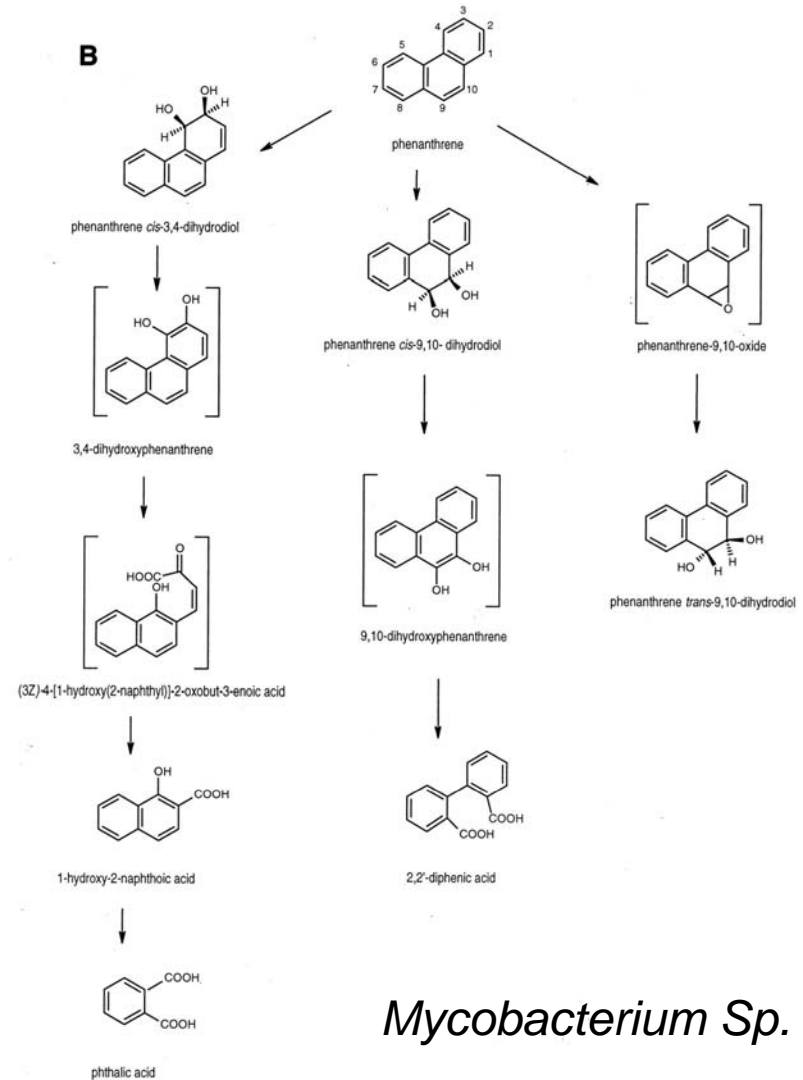


Chlorpyrifos

Pathways: Microbial Ecology

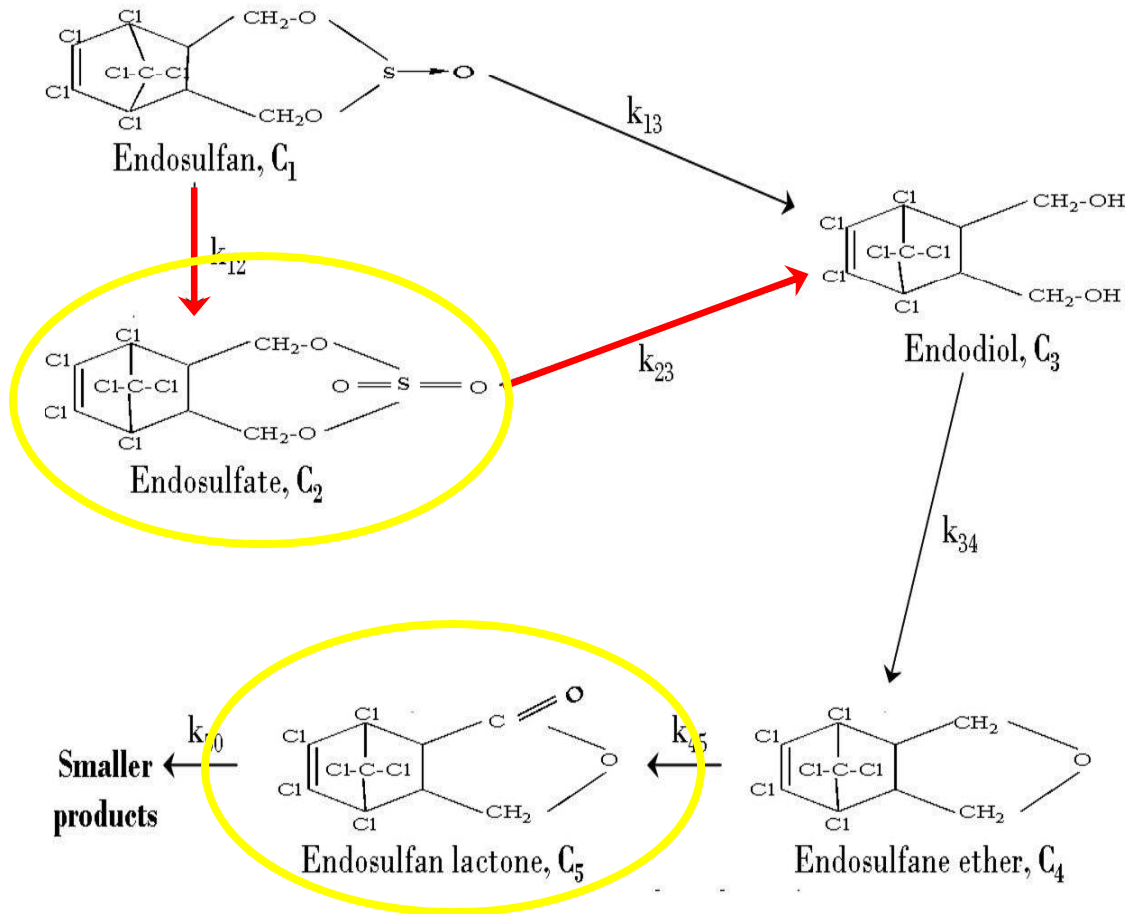


Pseudomonas Sp.-Naphthalene pathway,
Alcaligenes, Bacillus, Aeromonas and
Micrococcus Sp.-Phthalic Acid pathway

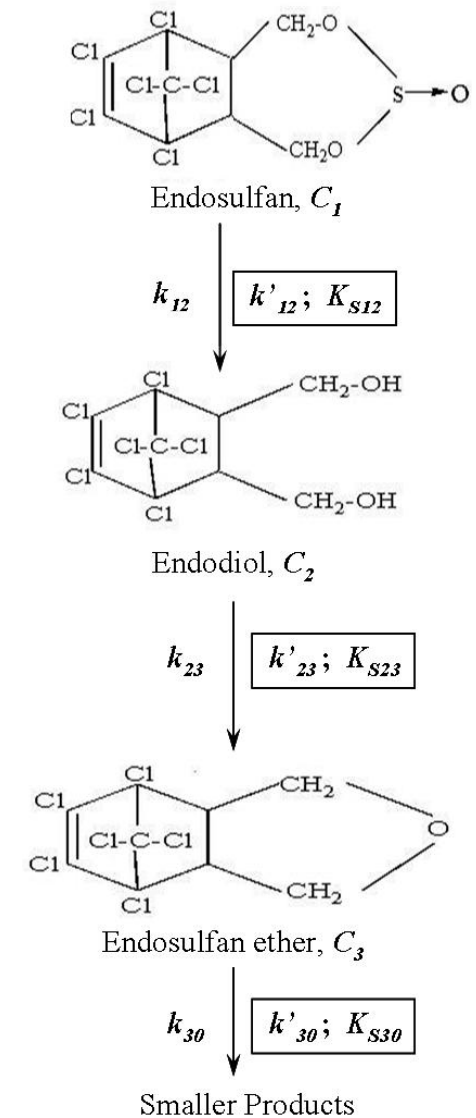


Pathways: Redox Condition

Tiwari and Guha (2010)



Aerobic Environment



Anaerobic Environment

Biodegradation

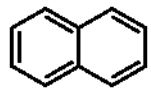
- Determination of rate or kinetics
- Elucidation of pathways
- Pathways and Kinetics in different Redox Conditions

[Guha and Jaffe 1996; Tiwari and Guha 2010]

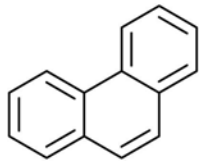
Can we translate the laboratory results for prediction in nature ?

Biodegradation of Mixtures

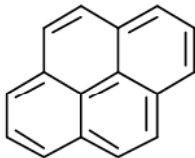
How do they interact during biodegradation ?
Do they compete ? Do they inhibit ? Are
some of them toxic to the bacteria ?



Napthalene



Phenanthrene



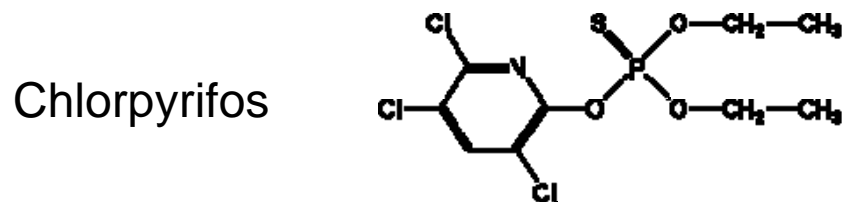
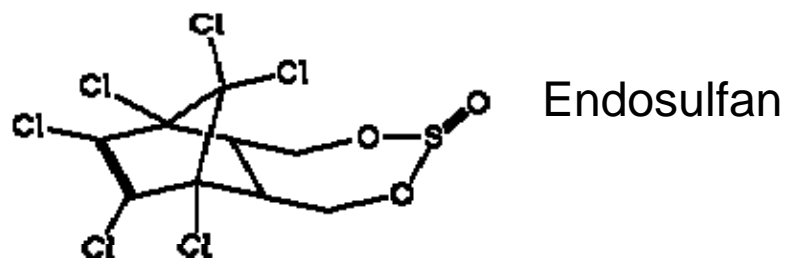
Pyrene

$$\mu = \frac{\mu_{max} C}{K_S + C}$$

$$\mu_i = \frac{\mu_{max,i} C_i}{K_{S,i} + \sum_{j=1}^N \frac{K_{S,i} C_j}{K_{S,j}}} \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, N$$

$$\text{Total Biomass Growth Rate } \mu_T = \sum_{i=1}^N \mu_i$$

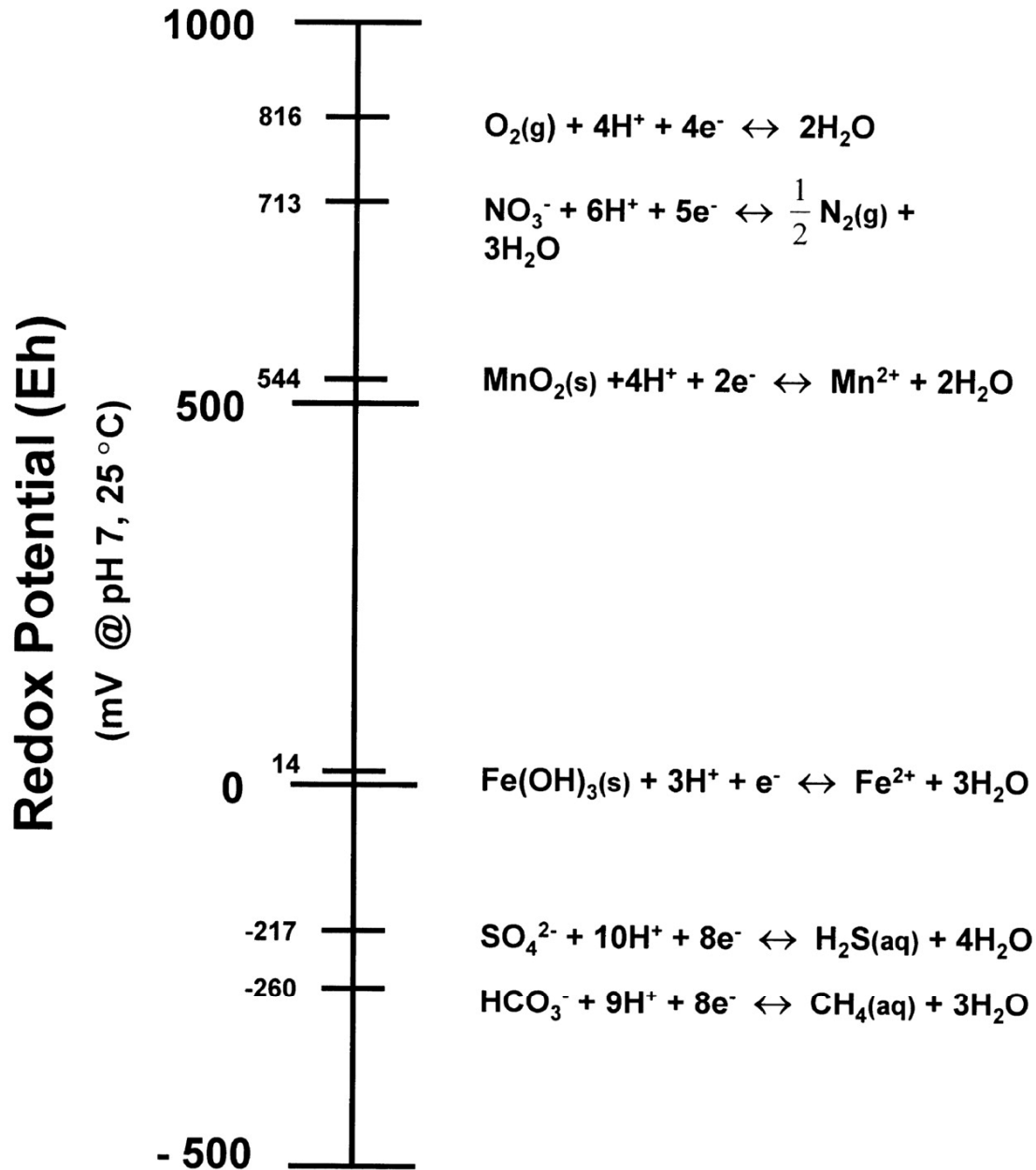
Biodegradation of Mixtures



Conversion	k (I order) or k' (Monod), d^{-1}	
	Single	Mixed
ES \rightarrow ESS (Monod)	0.899 \pm 0.082	0.367 \pm 0.034
ES \rightarrow ED	0.002 \pm 0.023	0.081 \pm 0.009
ESS \rightarrow ED(Monod)	0.407 \pm 0.050	0.187 \pm 0.027
ED \rightarrow ESE	0.875 \pm 0.177	0.418 \pm 0.034
ESE \rightarrow ESL	2.636 \pm 1.539	0.520 \pm 0.056
ESL \rightarrow others	0.470 \pm 0.065	0.137 \pm 0.015

Inhibition does not appear to follow any of the known models, e.g., competitive, uncompetitive, non-competitive Michaelis Menten models.

Redox Condition

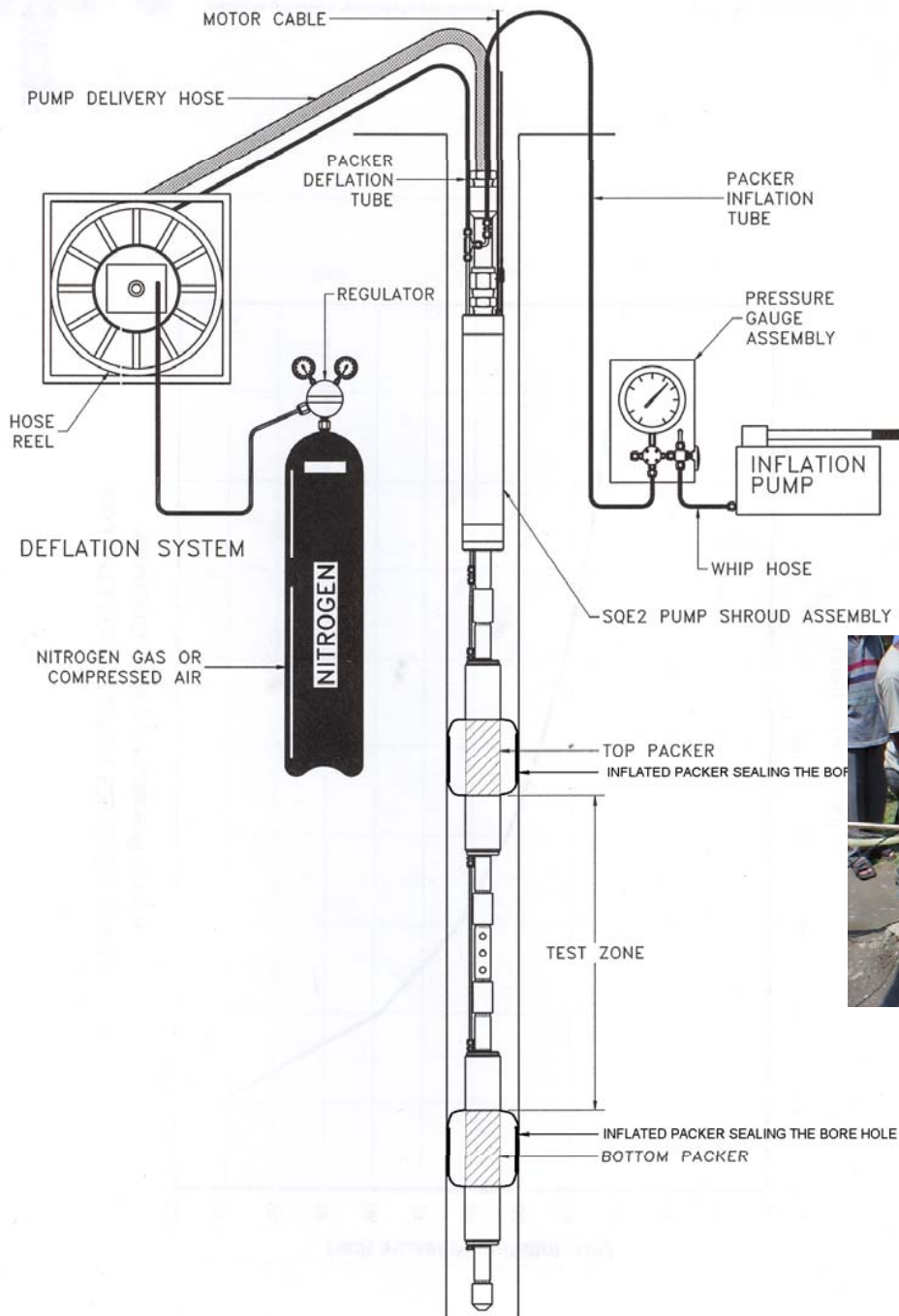


Aerobic

Anaerobic

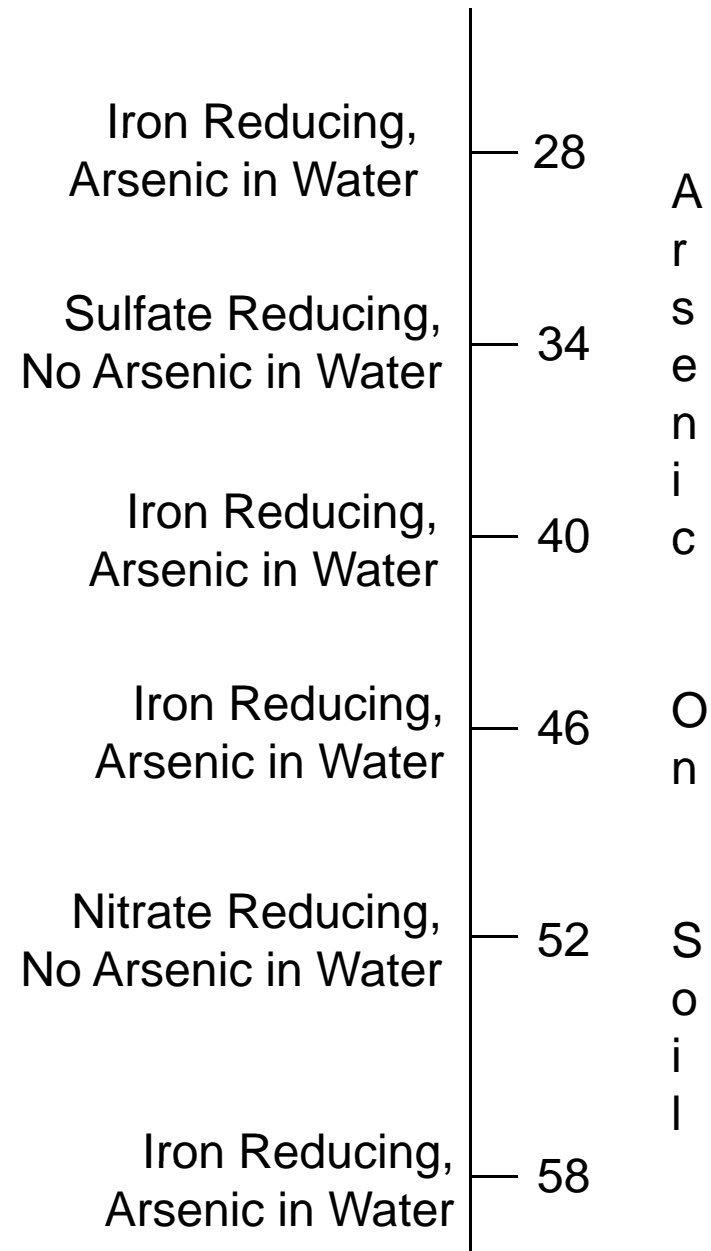
Energy Yield with respect to terminal electron acceptors (Respiration Agent):

$O_2 > NO_3^- > Mn(IV)$
 $> Fe(III) > SO_4^{2-} >$
 CO_2



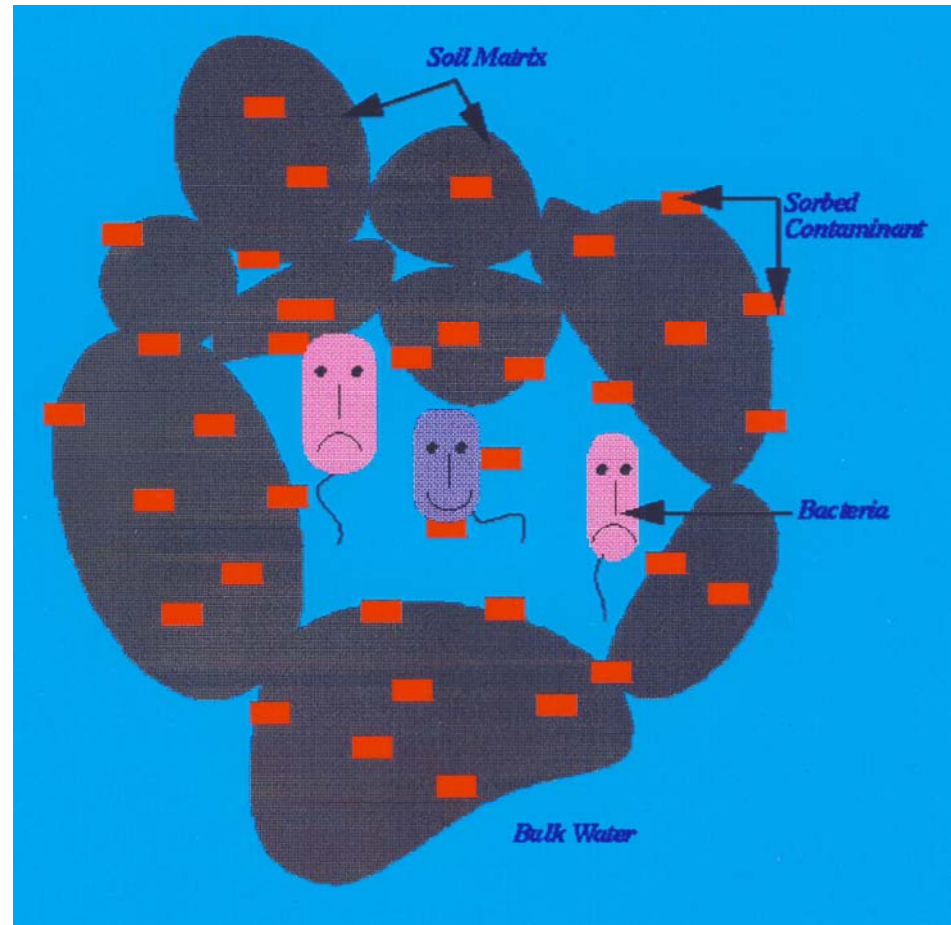
Redox Condition and Arsenic Problem in the Ganges Delta

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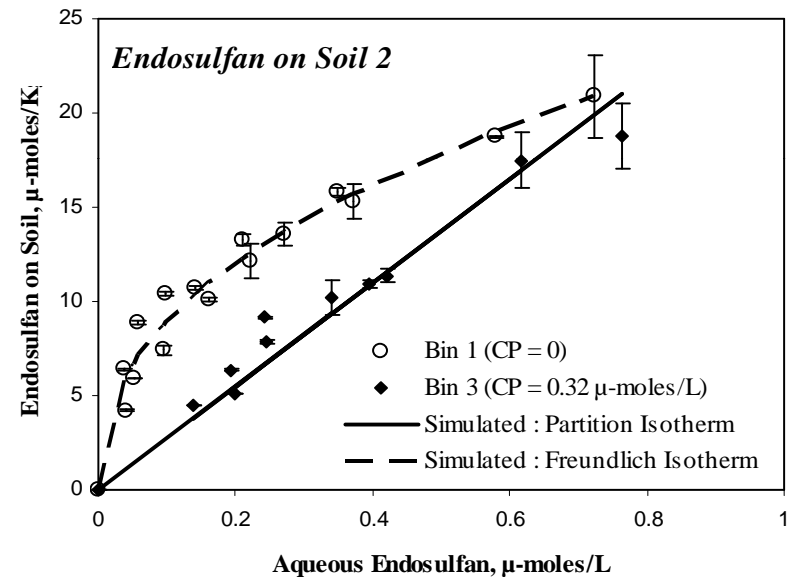
Bioavailability

- Low Solubility
- Adsorbed or Partitioned on Soil
- Little is available to the bacteria for biodegradation



Sorption or Partition

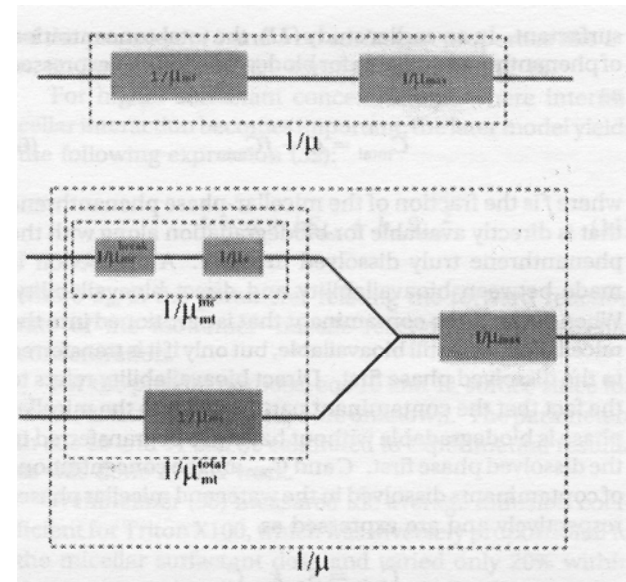
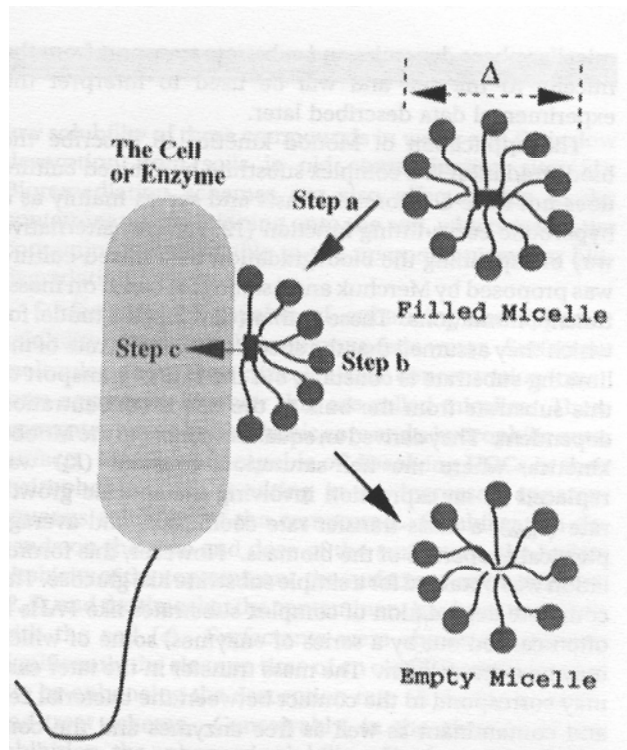
- Multiple mechanisms
- Extrapolation to field conditions are often difficult
- Multiple compound interaction makes it more complex



Tiwari and Guha (2010)

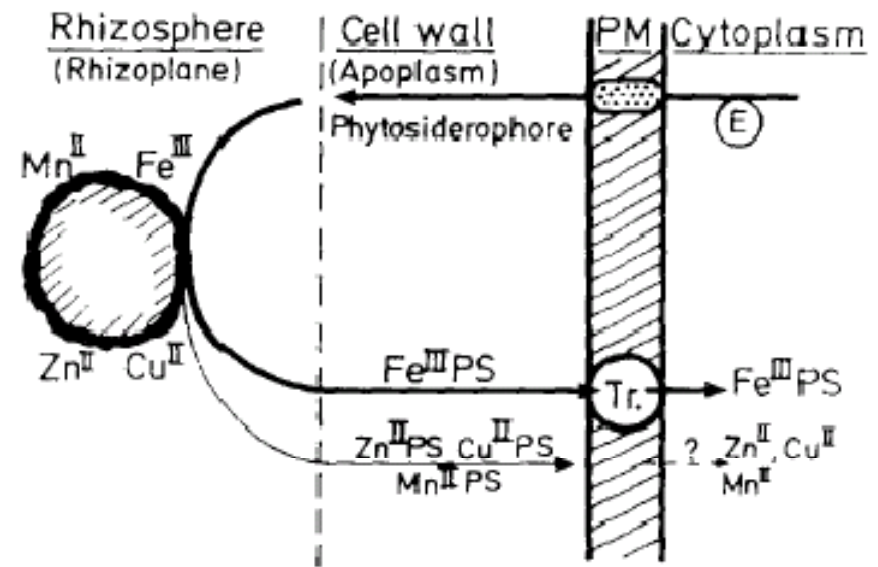
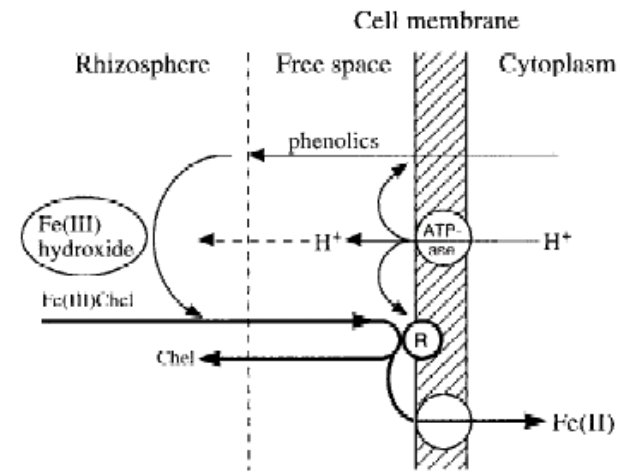
Increasing Bioavailability

Adding Surfactant for example:

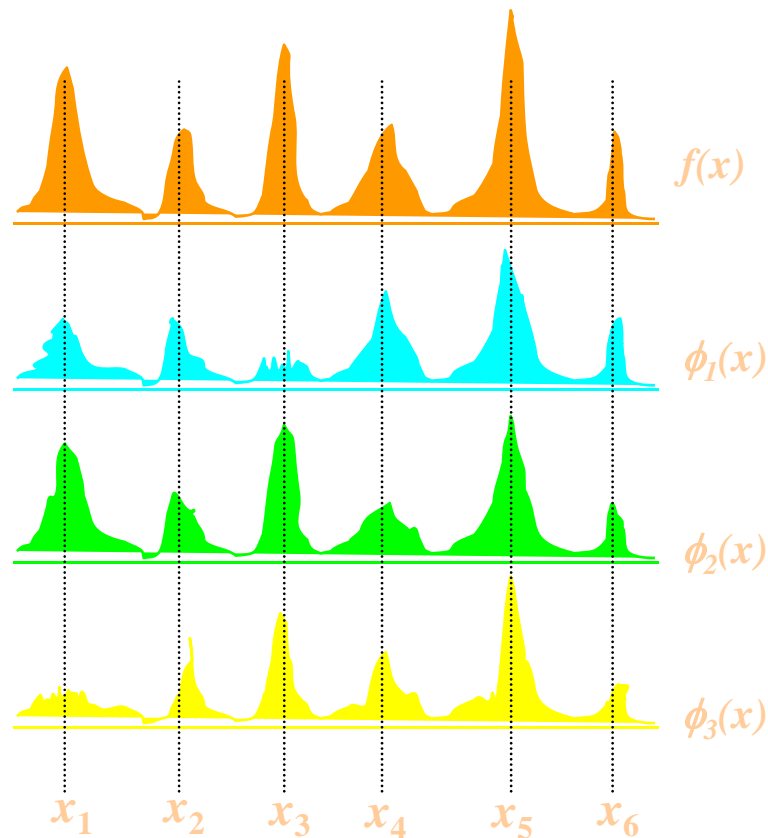


Guha and Jaffe 1996a, 1996b; Guha et al. 1998a, 1998b; Brown et al., 1999

Metal Uptake by Rice Plants



Microbial Ecology



- **Deconvolution**
Algorithme: apriori (Dey and Guha 2008)
- **Method development for analyzing Signature**
- **Deconvolution**
Algorithme: posteriori

$$f(x) = c_1 \phi_1(x) + c_2 \phi_2(x) + c_3 \phi_3(x)$$

Some other areas

- Modeling Flow and Transport
- Numerical Method Development
- Different Remediation Strategies
- Risk Assessment!
- Toxicity and Health Effects!
- Gene probe for identification of existence of a degrading population.
- GEMs: only academic interest, irrelevant for environmental application.

Summary

- Natural Systems are immensely complex and almost always pose multi-disciplinary problems.
- “Spherical Cow” or “Cylindrical Horse” approximations are often necessary to analyze the systems. Caution has to be taken to avoid over simplification!



Thank You

