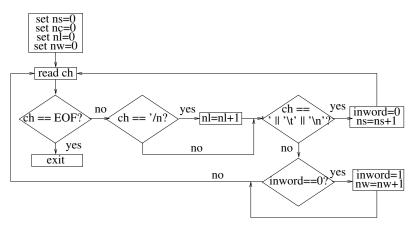
Programming with Character Types

Counting Words



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Counting Words

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    char ch;
    int nw = 0, nc = 0, ns = 0, nl = 0, inword;

    // Main loop for counting different characters

    printf("number_of_words_=_%d\n", nw);
    printf("number_of_spaces_=_%d\n", ns);
    printf("number_of_other_characters_=_%d\n", nc);
    printf("number_of_lines_=_%d\n", nl);
}
```

Programming with Character Types

Counting Words

```
while ((ch = getchar()) != EOF) {
    nc++:
    if (ch == '\n') {
       nl++:
    if (ch == '-' || ch == '\t' || ch == '\n') {
       ns++:
       inword = 0:
    } else
          if (!inword) {
             inword = 1;
             nw++;
```

Program in C

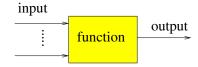
- Program is written by combining user-defined function with library functions.
- C library functions are provided for following different tasks
 - Common mathematical functions.
 - String manipulations.
 - Character manipulations.
 - I/O

Why Functions?

- A C program is a collection of functions.
- main() is the only mandatory function.
- Functions in C are more general than mathematical functions.
- Functions in C used for several reasons:
 - Reusability of code
 - Easy understanding and maintainability
 - Simplifies debugging.
- Collection of std lib functions makes C programming easy.
- Often related functions collected in libraries like BLAS, LAPACK, etc.

Definition

- A function is essentially a block of code.
- A function is invoked to perform some specific task.
- The view of a C function quite similar to that of math function.



Using Functions

- To execute programs function should be executed
- A function can be executed by invoking it.
 - Providing function name and needed parameters.
 - Function then executes its block of code
 - There must be a mechanism to return the result.
- So three important aspect of using a C function are: function prototype (name), parameter passing, and return