# ESc101N Endsem: Solutions and Grading Scheme 

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Question 1(a)

| Answer | Marks | Remarks |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $(1+y)^{2}$ | 5 | Both answers in same line |
| $(1+y)^{4}$ |  | acceptable. 2 marks for get- <br> ting one of two right. |

Question 1(b)

| Answer | Marks | Remarks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $2+y^{2}$ | 3 | Both answers in same line |
| $3+4 y^{2}+y^{4}$ | 7 | acceptable. |
| $\left(2+y^{2}\right)^{2}-1$ | 3 | Partial marks for second part |

Question 2

| Answer | Marks | Remarks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A[i] [j] != A[j][i] | 10 | 5 marks for A[i][j] <> <br> $A[j][i]$ |

Question 3

| Answer | Marks | Remarks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | If all errors are pointed out <br> in the alternate error scenario, <br> it is acceptable. However, <br> deduct one mark for missing <br> to point out one error. |
| Error 1: Variable i is not <br> defined | 3 | "Variable i not initialized" is <br> wrong answer! No marks for <br> it. |
| Error 2: \& missing at the <br> end of line 4: | 3 |  |
| Error 3: ; missing at the <br> end of line 6 | 1 |  |
| Error 4: On line 8, return <br> command should return an in- <br> teger | 3 | Equivalently, on line 1, <br> main() should have return <br> type void. |

Question 4(a)

| Answer | Marks | Remarks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| struct student $\{$ <br> char name [50] ; <br> char rollno [10] ; | 5 |  |
| \}; |  |  |

Question 4(b)

| Answer | Marks | Remarks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Shikha | 3 | One mark each for giving only |
| 335 | 4 | the first letter. |
| udha | 3 |  |

Question 5

| Answer | Marks | Remarks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| reverse $(\mathrm{A}+1, \mathrm{n}-1, \mathrm{~B})$ | 15 | 5 marks for getting each ar- <br> gument right. Note that A++ <br> is incorrect, while ++A is cor- <br> rect. Answer of $*(\mathrm{~A}+1)$ or $* \mathrm{~B}$ <br> is wrong and gets no marks. |

Question 6

| Answer | Marks | Remarks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{A}[\mathrm{m}]++$ | 15 | Or, A $[\mathrm{m}]=\mathrm{A}[\mathrm{m}]+1$ |
| $\mathrm{~A}[\mathrm{~m}]=1$ | 7 | Does not account for multiple <br> occurrences |

Question 7

| Answer | Marks | Remarks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ?1?: Stack *S | 4 |  |
| $? 2 ?: * S=C:$ | 8 | Note that $\mathrm{S}=\& \mathrm{C}$ is wrong! Give 4 marks <br> for it. |
| ?3?: *S = C->next | 8 | Note that S = \& (C->next) is wrong! <br> Give 4 marks for it. |

## Question 8

| Answer | Marks | Remarks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| cb | 4 | Deduct 4 marks for getting |
| cb | 4 | the order of first three strings |
| cb | 4 | wrong. |
| 4 | 3 |  |

Question 9(a)

| Answer | Marks | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{llllllllllll}9 & 3 & 12 & 11 & 26 & 73 & 83 & 93 & 67 & 45 & 13\end{array}$ | 20 | Partial marks for partially correct output |

Question 9(b)

| Answer | Marks | Remarks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| f(T->left); <br> printf (" \%d", T->element) ; <br> f(T->right); | 5 |  |
| f(T->right); <br> printf(" \%d", T->element) ; <br> f(T->left); | 5 | Decreasing order <br> also OK. |

